A history of state and local government spending in Illinois

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*The views expressed in this presentation are my own and do not necessarily reflect those of the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago or of the Federal Reserve System.

Five questions

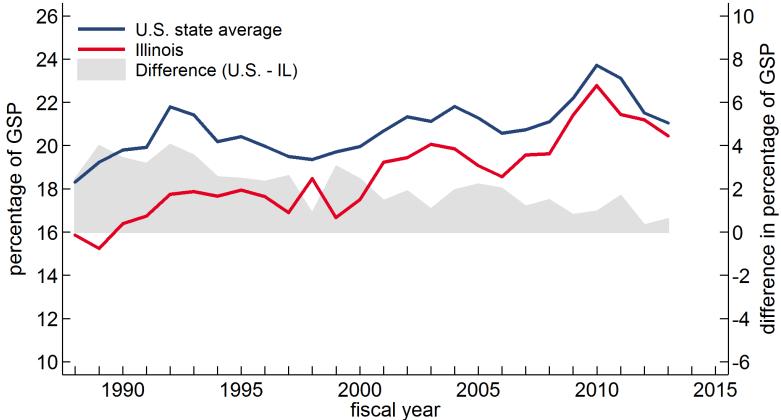
- 1. Is Illinois government "big" compared to other states?
- 2. When did Illinois government expenditures start exceeding revenues?
- 3. Where has Illinois government spending been out of the ordinary compared to other states?
- 4. Has spending beyond revenues been a problem at the state level, local level, or both?
- 5. Have some local governments performed better than others?

Is Illinois government big compared to other states?

- Have to combine state and local governments together for proper comparison
- Calculate total expenditures and total revenues as a share of gross state product (GSP)
- Treat any increases in pension obligations as spending in the current fiscal year (accrual accounting basis)

Is Illinois government big compared to other states?

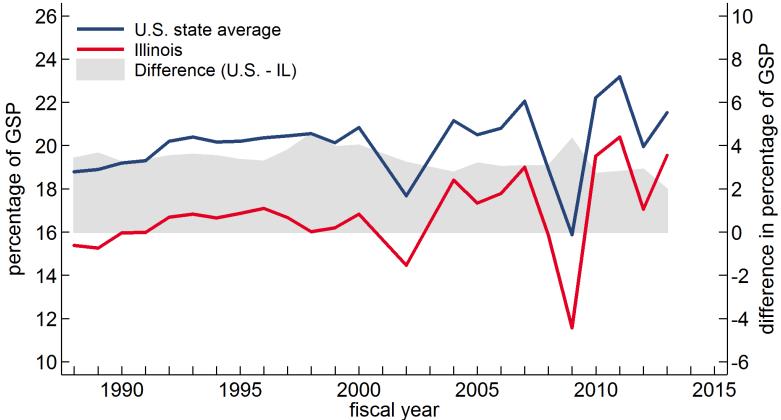
State and local government expenditures as a share of GSP

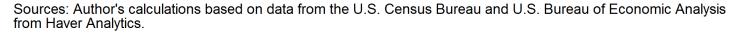


Sources: Author's calculations based on data from the U.S. Census Bureau; U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis from Haver Analytics; Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System from Haver Analytics, and Illinois Department of Insurance.

Is Illinois government big compared to other states?

State and local government revenues as a share of GSP

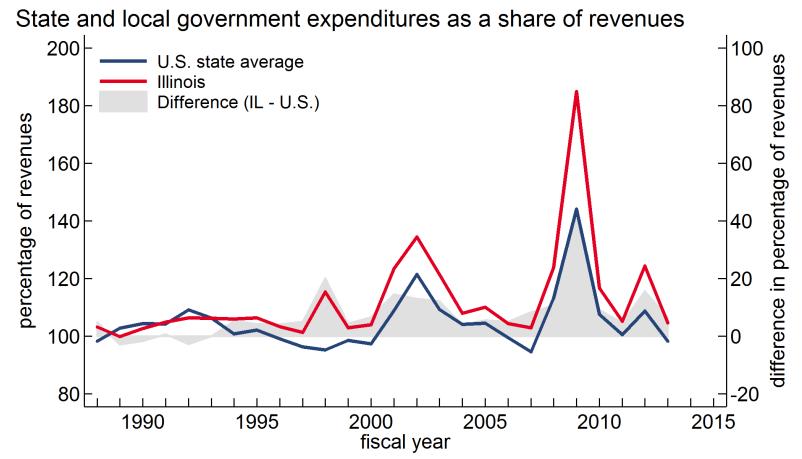




When did Illinois government expenditures start exceeding revenues?

• Calculate total expenditures as a share of total revenues

When did Illinois government expenditures start exceeding revenues?



Sources: Author's calculations based on data from the U.S. Census Bureau; Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System from Haver Analytics; and Illinois Department of Insurance.

Where was Illinois government spending out of the ordinary?

- Calculate average spending for each budget category as a share of total revenues for fiscal years 1994 to 2010
- Stop in 2010 because taxes increased in 2011

Where was Illinois government spending out of the ordinary?

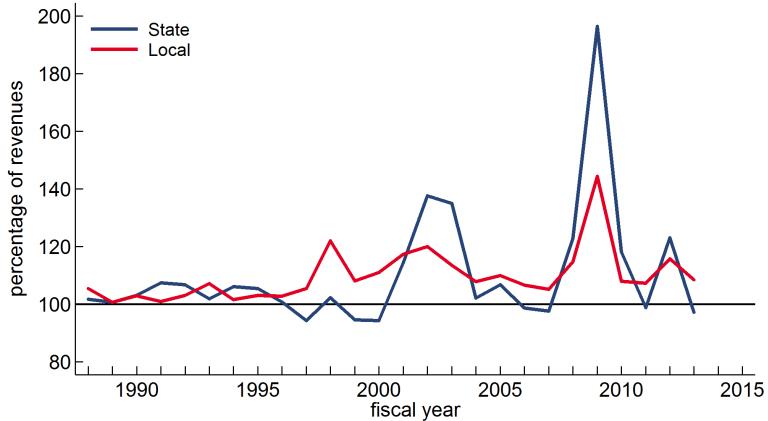
Average annual expenditures as a share of total revenues, by category, FY 1994–2010					
	Illinois	U.S. state average	Illinois minus U.S. state average		
Expenditures	115.9	105.7	10.2		
Intergovernmental expenditure	<0.1	0.1	-0.1		
Direct expenditure	102.9	97.3	5.6		
Direct general expenditure	86.5	83.9	2.6		
Education services	30.3	29.4	0.9		
Social Services and Income Maintenance	19.3	21.2	-1.9		
Transportation	7.2	7.3	-0.1		
Public Safety	7.9	6.8	1.0		
Environment and Housing	7.3	6.5	0.8		
Governmental Administration	4.5	4.6	-0.1		
Interest on General Debt	4.9	3.7	1.3		
General Expenditure (N.E.C.)	5.2	4.4	0.7		
Utility Expenditure	6.0	5.8	0.2		
Liquor Store Expenditure	<0.1	0.3	-0.3		
Insurance Trust Expenditure	10.4	7.3	3.2		
Unemployment Compensation Expenditure	2.6	1.7	0.9		
Employee Retirement Expenditure	7.8	4.9	2.8		
Workers' Compensation Expenditure	<0.1	0.5	-0.5		
Other Insurance Trust	<0.1	0.1	-0.1		
Change in Pension Liability	13.0	8.4	4.6		

Has spending beyond revenues been a problem at the state level, local level, or both?

- Calculate total expenditures as a share of total revenues separately for state and local governments in Illinois
- Caveat: 25% of local government revenues are from the state government, but share is steady over time

Has spending beyond revenues been a problem at the state level, local level, or both?

Expenditures as a share of revenues for Illinois governments



Sources: Author's calculations based on data from the U.S. Census Bureau and Illinois Department of Insurance.

Have some local governments performed better than others?

- Problem: 6,963 local governments in Illinois
- Solution: look at unfunded pension liabilities
 - The difference between the current expected value of future payouts and value of pension's assets
 - Amount taxpayers must contribute to be able to cover future promised payouts

Have some local governments performed better than others?

Unfunded pension liability in Illinois by locale, fiscal year 2014					
	Unfunded Liability (\$Bil)	Population (millions)	Liability per capita (\$)		
Total	158.2	12.9	12,293		
State	104.6	12.9	8,130		
Local	53.6	12.9	4,163		
City of Chicago	28.5	2.7	10,492		
Teachers	8.7	2.7	3,190		
Police and Fire	11.2	2.7	4,145		
Other	8.6	2.7	3,158		
Cook County	7.3	5.2	1,401		
Suburban Chicago and Downstate	17.8	10.2	1,751		
Police and Fire	8.8	10.2	867		
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	9.0	10.2	884		

Have some local governments performed better than others?

Liability per capita by place of residence					
	Chicago teachers fund				
	not treated as a	treated as a			
	state liability	state liability			
City of Chicago	20,023	17,506			
Suburban Cook County	11,282	11,954			
Outside Cook County	9,881	10,553			

Conclusions

- 1. Illinois government is (still) "smaller" than the typical state
- 2. Illinois governments started spending beyond their revenues a long time ago
 - It's been much worse than in other states
- 3. Illinois spent much more on pensions than other states
- 4. Governments at both the state and local levels have spent more than their revenues for a long time
- 5. Chicago is in particularly bad shape, but not it's not just Chicago